# Row 7476

Visit Number: ad82381064267143e9e4cf27fac12ad038e486c9d22804ddc34dd74b4808f1ac

Masked\_PatientID: 7476

Order ID: d01fd734aa611f994b8c8a23cd0948530b90c8b0fa176733350472d099de7958

Order Name: CT Chest, Abdomen and Pelvis

Result Item Code: CTCHEABDP

Performed Date Time: 17/7/2016 15:02

Line Num: 1

Text: HISTORY bilateral pleural effusion with pericardial effusion and palpable cervical and inguinal lymphadenopathy - to look for other organ involvement/diffuse lymphadenopathy TECHNIQUE Scans of the thorax, abdomen and pelvis were acquired after the administration of Intravenous contrast: Omnipaque 350 - Volume (ml): 75 FINDINGS There are no prior relevant scans available for comparison. CHEST The mediastinal vessels opacify normally. No significantly enlarged mediastinal, hilar lymph node is detected. Multiple prominent axillary lymph nodes are noted bilaterally; measuring 5-7 mm in short axis diameter. The cervical and the supraclavicular lymph nodes are better evaluated on the CT neck done along with this study. The heart is normal in size. Small amount of pericardial effusion is seen. Moderate low attenuation pleural effusion with adjacent atelectasis is seen bilaterally. No pulmonary nodule, consolidation or ground-glass opacity is detected. ABDOMEN AND PELVIS The liver, gallbladder, spleen, pancreas, adrenal glands and kidneys appear unremarkable. Liver and spleen are not enlarged. The uterus, ovaries, urinary bladder and bowel loops show normal features. Few small volume retroperitoneal lymph nodes are noted in the para-aortic and aortocaval regions. No significantly enlarged intra-abdominal or pelvic lymph node is seen. No free intraperitoneal air. Small amount of free fluid in the pelvis is within physiological limits. The bones appear unremarkable. CONCLUSION Bilateral moderate low attenuation pleural effusions and small amount of pericardial effusion. Multiple prominent bilateral axillary lymph nodes. Liver and spleen are not enlarged. May need further action Finalised by: <DOCTOR>

Accession Number: 7b750f80d7835feb41b20d3f37dca9dbfec1a6f0121e8d231e44bdacad256757

Updated Date Time: 18/7/2016 9:21

## Layman Explanation

This radiology report discusses HISTORY bilateral pleural effusion with pericardial effusion and palpable cervical and inguinal lymphadenopathy - to look for other organ involvement/diffuse lymphadenopathy TECHNIQUE Scans of the thorax, abdomen and pelvis were acquired after the administration of Intravenous contrast: Omnipaque 350 - Volume (ml): 75 FINDINGS There are no prior relevant scans available for comparison. CHEST The mediastinal vessels opacify normally. No significantly enlarged mediastinal, hilar lymph node is detected. Multiple prominent axillary lymph nodes are noted bilaterally; measuring 5-7 mm in short axis diameter. The cervical and the supraclavicular lymph nodes are better evaluated on the CT neck done along with this study. The heart is normal in size. Small amount of pericardial effusion is seen. Moderate low attenuation pleural effusion with adjacent atelectasis is seen bilaterally. No pulmonary nodule, consolidation or ground-glass opacity is detected. ABDOMEN AND PELVIS The liver, gallbladder, spleen, pancreas, adrenal glands and kidneys appear unremarkable. Liver and spleen are not enlarged. The uterus, ovaries, urinary bladder and bowel loops show normal features. Few small volume retroperitoneal lymph nodes are noted in the para-aortic and aortocaval regions. No significantly enlarged intra-abdominal or pelvic lymph node is seen. No free intraperitoneal air. Small amount of free fluid in the pelvis is within physiological limits. The bones appear unremarkable. CONCLUSION Bilateral moderate low attenuation pleural effusions and small amount of pericardial effusion. Multiple prominent bilateral axillary lymph nodes. Liver and spleen are not enlarged. May need further action Finalised by: <DOCTOR>. In simpler terms, this means...

## Summary

No diseases detected.  
No specific organs mentioned.  
No symptoms mentioned.